

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

VOL. XX

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1845

No. 2622

### CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS

**CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
*For one inch and under, Three Shillings, and One Shilling for every additional inch for each insertion.*

THE "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" IS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED) ; AND THE QUARTERS ON THE 31ST MARCH, 30TH JUNE, 30TH SEPTEMBER, AND 31ST DECEMBER ; AT WHICH PERIODS ONLY CAN SUBSCRIBERS DECLINE BY GIVING NOTICE AND PAYING THE AMOUNT DUE TO THE END OF THE CURRENT QUARTER ADVERTISEMENTS MUST SPECIFY ON THE FACE OF THEM THE NUMBER OF TIMES THEY ARE INTENDED TO BE INSERTED, OR THEY WILL BE CONTINUED TILL COUNTERMANDING, AND CHARGED TO THE PARTY. NO ADVERTISEMENTS CAN BE WITHDRAWN AFTER ELEVEN O'CLOCK, A.M., BUT NEW ONES WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL NINE O'CLOCK IN THE EVENING. NO VERBAL COMMUNICATIONS CAN BE ATTENDED TO, AND ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAYED OR THEY WILL NOT BE ANSWERED.

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC,**  
WE have this day appointed, Mr.  
Andrew Maclean, of No. 318, Pitt-  
street, Sydney, our sole agent for the disposal  
butter, the produce of the Camden Dairy.  
**JAMES AND WM. MACARTHUR.**  
Camden, 6th October. 6220

**TAKE NOTICE,** that by Indenture of  
Assignment, bearing date the thirtieth  
of September, 1881, between the said

thousand eight hundred and forty-three  
James Byrnes, of the Parish of Castlereagh,  
the County of Cumberland, in the Colony  
of New South Wales, for the purpose of  
considerations therein mentioned, did by  
the Smith, of the City of Sydney, in the  
aforesaid, gentleman, all my estate  
and interest therein, for the benefit of all  
my creditors. And further, that the said  
said Indenture was duly executed by me,  
James Byrnes, and the said Trustee,  
attested according to the provisions of  
an Act made in that behalf by the said  
said Colony of New South Wales, made  
and passed in the fifth year of the reign of  
Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intitled "An  
Act for the better advancement of Justice  
in the said Colony of New South Wales,"  
of an Act made and passed in the seventh  
year of the reign of Her said Majesty,

lier to insolvent persons, and providing  
 the administration of insolvent estates,  
 to abolish imprisonment for debt.  
 The said Bill is now lying at the  
 offices of John Smith, Esq. Solicitor  
 Connell-street, Sydney, for inspection and  
 cussion.  
 Dated this 30th day of September, A.D.  
 1855.  
 JAMES BYRNES,  
 Witness—  
 William Fanning, J.P. 5198  
 MR. MICHAEL KEARNS, DEALER,  
 BATHURST-STREET, SYDNEY.  
 HEREBY give you notice, that unless  
 you send for, and fetch away from my  
 office, the red and white cow, branded GA  
 the near rump, with calf by her side, which  
 was stolen from me nearly four weeks since,  
 you pay me my charge for agistment, and  
 may paid by me as a reward for finding her

Third in Hand, Windsor Road,  
October 7. 520

**TO QUARRYMEN AND MASON.**  
The **WARRIORS** required for the formation of a Wharf at Pyrmont. Particulars of the work required to be done may be obtained by applying to Mr. Clarke, Manager of the Hunter River Steam Navigation Company, at the office of the Company, 6214

enders to be delivered at the Company's office, Sussex-street, on or before Friday next, the 10th inst. 6214

of the Hunter River Steam Navigation Company,  
October 6. 6214

**SHEEP ON HALVES.**  
WANTER, in the

Southern District, about two thousand  
 up on the above terms. The advertiser  
 supplies an excellent run, well watered, and  
 is well adapted for grasing sheep.  
 Apply by letter, post paid, to Mr. P. Snare,  
 de Park. 5196

**WANTED to rent, or purchase, a**  
 House containing from five to seven  
 rooms, with kitchen, &c. The neighbourhood  
 of Jacques-street, or Fort-street, would be  
 preferred. Apply to William MacLaren, No.  
 31, Priet-street. 5082

**IS ENGAGED,**  
 and in attendance daily.

**WALKERS.** **FRANKS.**

Lighter	Governesses
Smiths	Housekeepers
Penitents	Needlewomen
Remakers	Nurses
	Widows

Laundresses  
Female Cooks  
Little Girls  
Monthly Nurses  
Wet Nurses  
Charwomen  
General Servants  
Men Cooks  
Married Couples as Farm  
Servants, Boys, &c.

H. F. BRIMMER,  
Servants' Registry Office,  
Barbours-street,  
Near Hyde Park.

WANTED a middle-aged Lady, as  
Governess, for a family in the coun-  
try by letter (free), to Mr Laughton,  
Admiral's House, Sydney College. 5189

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, an Ap-  
prentice to the Dress-making. Re-  
sponsible reference required, also a premium.

at the Herald Office, to A. R. 5:05  
 WANTED a Chief Officer. Apply on  
 board.  
 ALSO,  
 A Whaleboat.  
 MARIAN WATSON,  
 Circular Wharf,  
 October 7. 5198  
 WANTED, a respectable Female, as  
 Bar Maid. Apply at the Liverpool  
 St., Georgetown.  
 A Publican's General License for Sale.  
 5204  
 DOMESTIC SERVANTS.  
 WANTED, a good cook; and also,  
 an active boy to wait at table, and make  
 self generally useful. Apply to Mrs.  
 on 75, Phillip-street. 5197  
 WANTED, an active Woman as  
 Housemaid and Landdress, and willing

Apply between 9 and 12 o'clock A.M., at the  
ce of  
W. PAWLEY,  
166, Castle-rough-street,  
/ANTED, t-ported to the country,  
a respectable young English woman,  
understands the management of an in-  
a character required. Apply at No. 2,  
as-terrace. \$123

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.  
OST, about ten o'clock, this day,  
between the Royal Hotel and Market-  
place, a small black bag, containing  
notes £20, three £10, three £5, and seven-  
£1 notes; orders to the amount of  
three-two pounds, and various receipts.  
The numbers of the notes are known. Who-  
ever find the same, and will bring it to  
Red Bull, Parramatta-street, shall re-

the above reward.  
October 7. 8198



# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

**DEPARTURE.**  
October 7.—*Arcturion*, barque, Captain Morris, for London. Passengers—Mr. Foster and Mr. T. Eyre.

**PORT PHILLIP.**  
Arrival.—September 30. Schooner *Martha and Elizabeth*, from Sydney.  
The *Martha and Elizabeth* has experienced some very boisterous weather on her passage from Sydney. On the morning of the 24th instant, a sea broke on board, considerably damaged her bulwarks, broke the skylights, and about two tons of water found its way into the cabin.—*Port Phillip Herald*, September 30.

The *Providence* for Port Phillip, was anchored in Watson's Bay last evening.

## DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR THIS DAY.  
October. 1. RISE. 1.10. HIGH WATER. 1.15. 2. RISE. 1.15. HIGH WATER. 1.20. 3. RISE. 1.20. HIGH WATER. 1.25. 4. RISE. 1.25. HIGH WATER. 1.30. 5. RISE. 1.30. HIGH WATER. 1.35. 6. RISE. 1.35. HIGH WATER. 1.40. 7. RISE. 1.40. HIGH WATER. 1.45. 8. RISE. 1.45. HIGH WATER. 1.50. 9. RISE. 1.50. HIGH WATER. 1.55. 10. RISE. 1.55. HIGH WATER. 2.00. 11. RISE. 2.00. HIGH WATER. 2.05. 12. RISE. 2.05. HIGH WATER. 2.10. 13. RISE. 2.10. HIGH WATER. 2.15. 14. RISE. 2.15. HIGH WATER. 2.20. 15. RISE. 2.20. HIGH WATER. 2.25. 16. RISE. 2.25. HIGH WATER. 2.30. 17. RISE. 2.30. HIGH WATER. 2.35. 18. RISE. 2.35. HIGH WATER. 2.40. 19. RISE. 2.40. HIGH WATER. 2.45. 20. RISE. 2.45. HIGH WATER. 2.50. 21. RISE. 2.50. HIGH WATER. 2.55. 22. RISE. 2.55. HIGH WATER. 3.00. 23. RISE. 3.00. HIGH WATER. 3.05. 24. RISE. 3.05. HIGH WATER. 3.10. 25. RISE. 3.10. HIGH WATER. 3.15. 26. RISE. 3.15. HIGH WATER. 3.20. 27. RISE. 3.20. HIGH WATER. 3.25. 28. RISE. 3.25. HIGH WATER. 3.30. 29. RISE. 3.30. HIGH WATER. 3.35. 30. RISE. 3.35. HIGH WATER. 3.40.

**THE Sydney Morning Herald.**  
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1846.

"Sworn to no master, no sect am I."

## THE REPORT ON IMMIGRATION.

THESE are two cogent reasons why the British Government ought to assist, at the national expense, in carrying on extensive emigration to the colonies; it is a national duty, and it is to the national interest. The vast amount of distress which, notwithstanding the high commercial prosperity of the kingdom, still prevails amongst the masses of the people, imposes upon Ministers the obligation to afford all the relief that can be applied on just principles; and it is admitted on all hands, that no means of relief are at once so effectual and so just as those presented by judicious colonization. That it is to the interest of the mother country to adopt these means, is obvious from the consideration, first, that she thereby becomes proportionately released from the burden of pauper taxation; and, secondly, that she at the same time acquires new customers for her manufactures. This last proposition it is the especial province of the colonies themselves to make good; and well has it been substantiated, so far as New South Wales is concerned, by the Immigration Committee. They have demonstrated, from official data, that as importers of British merchandise relatively to population, neither Russia, nor Prussia, nor France, nor the United States of America, can stand a moment's comparison with this colony. And they have shown that even the favoured dependencies of Canada and the Cape of Good Hope fall immeasurably short of the Australian standard. Taking the mean annual amount of our imports for the last five years, they have proved that the value of our imports from Great Britain, in proportion to the Cape, is as 30 to 12, and in proportion to Canada, as 30 to 7. In other words, whilst each member of the Canadian community consumes of British goods thirty-five shillings worth per annum, and each member of the Cape community sixty-two shillings worth, each member of the New South Wales community consumes a HUNDRED AND FIFTY SHILLINGS worth!

Well may the Committee say that the exhibition of such a calculation as the above must, it is apprehended, afford an unanswerable argument, that the interests of the people of Great Britain are deeply involved in the promotion of Emigration to this colony. The cost incurred in the support of a pauper in England is from six pounds to seven pounds annually; his removal from the mother country not only secures to the State the expense of being relieved from the burden of his support, but by his transference to our shores, he becomes her largest and most valuable customer; instead of draining annually seven pounds from the resources of her industry, he is an annual contributor to her market to that amount; a state of social misery, and all the evils attendant upon a wide spread and increasing pauperism; proper looking; and he is given to the industry and honest enterprise can never fail of meeting with their due reward, in all but unlimited command of the necessities of life, together with many of its luxuries.

Thus it is made out, that in promoting emigration on a large scale, England would be securing to herself a profit upon every pound she invested. But we have no reason to believe that, for the present at least, England will act upon this conviction. We have every reason to believe, on the contrary, that if the colony is to be supplied with the labour of which she stands so eminently in need, it must be by the exertion of her own energies, and out of her own resources. All we can venture to hope from the QUEEN'S Government, as yet, is, that they will assist us, as they have assisted Canada, in the negotiation of a loan from British capitalists. Thus much we are entitled to expect: for we cannot see under what decent pretext they can refuse to do for us what they have already done for others.

spective character. To any well devised system, in which a due proportion of the sexes and children are included, the amount of immediate and available labour secured to the colony is, in the first instance, confined to probably not one-fourth of the number of persons introduced, a family consisting of a husband, a wife, and two children, arrive in the colony under the bounty system, the labour of the husband is alone applicable to the present necessities of the colony, and there must necessarily be a considerable postponement in the period when the services of the children can be applied to any useful purpose."

To see how far the Committee's views on this point were borne out by facts, we have looked through the immigration returns for the six years, 1837 to 1843. Within that period, there were introduced into the colony—

Men	33,323
Women	22,501
Children	18,351
Total	74,175

According to the "sound principles" we have adverted to, the number of women was below what it ought to have been by nearly 11,000, and the number of children, the very lowest, by 9,000. This would bring the proportion of women and children to men to about 2 to 1.

It is quite clear, therefore, that immigration is for the good of the present, and as well as for that of the future. And this meets the argument by which some persons try to show that the loan to Canada, being for canals and other public works of permanent utility, forms no precedent of which Australia can avail herself. We think the foregoing results clearly entitle us to claim the precedent as one exactly in point. The male children and the female children and adults, whom our immigration fund introduces into the colony, though for the present (to use the word so indignantly exchequed by Mrs. CHISHOLM) they can be regarded only as "incumbrances," are yet, viewed prospectively, of permanent value to the country in which they are settled.

And this consideration, in our opinion, quite does away with the objection, that we have no right to burden posterity with a debt for our own convenience. For so much of the burden as the Committee propose to cast upon posterity, posterity will receive not only a full equivalent, but a solid bonus into the bargain.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

**THE SPEAKER** took the chair at the usual hour.

**MR. LAMB** gave notice of his intention, on Friday next, to move the third reading of the Australian General Insurance Company's Bill.

**MR. PATRICK GRANT**, the new member for the Northumberland Borough, having been introduced by the Colonial Treasurer and Mr. Bowman, the SPEAKER read the certificate of that gentleman's return. Mr. Grant then took the oath and seat.

**MEDICAL WITNESSES.**  
THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved, pursuant to notice, for leave to bring in a Bill to amend an Act, intituled "An Act to define the qualifications of Medical Witnesses at Assizes, Inquests, and inquests held before Justices of the Peace in the Colony of New South Wales." The object of this Bill, headed, was merely to place the Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, Dublin, on the same footing with the members of the Apothecaries' Hall, London. When this Act was passed in the year 1838, he was himself under the impression that the Licentiate of the Dublin Institution received an education of a higher standard than that of the London Apothecaries' Hall; but he had since ascertained that he had been in error in this respect. He had entertained a high opinion of the friends, the honorable members for Port Phillip and Sydney, would not only have taken this subject in hand, but would have proposed some measure to put the medical profession in all its branches on a footing of equality; and he trusted that on a future occasion they would take upon themselves this duty, for the performance of which they were so competent.

**MR. NICHOLSON** said, that he was not without considerable hesitation and embarrassment, that he now brought forward the resolutions which stood in his name on the paper of this day's session, and embarrassment arising, not from the subject of the resolutions, but from the manner in which he presented them.

**IMMIGRATION.**  
Dr. NICHOLSON said, that he was not without considerable hesitation and embarrassment, that he now brought forward the resolutions which stood in his name on the paper of this day's session, and embarrassment arising, not from the subject of the resolutions, but from the manner in which he presented them.

For the reasons set forth in the Report of the Select Committee on Immigration, in 1845, your Committee deprecate the adoption of any plan by which the colony is compelled to make immediate payment from its present resources for the cost of introducing immigrants. Your Committee have reason to believe, that the sudden export of upwards of a million sterling of its capital, incurred in the payment of bounties on the immigrants who arrived in the years 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, and 1842, was one of the chief causes of the great crisis, and of the extraordinary depreciation in the value of all kinds of property that ensued in the years 1843 and 1844. However important or necessary an object the introduction of immigrants may be, and undoubtedly is, the retention of capital for the employment of that labour is equally essential to the well being of the colony.

appointed to enquire as to the means of improving the condition of the poor in London, had given it in evidence that in many instances the pauper was not only a burden to the community, but a source of danger to the State. That they were impelled by absolute want to commit offences against society, for which, under the conditions, they ought scarcely to be made amenable. In Liverpool, or Glasgow, in all the large towns it was the same; and in Ireland, it had been said by Mr. Baker in the House of Commons, that the pauper was a source of danger to the State. Here, however, small pecuniary inducement held out, the condition of such people would be incalculably improved; here, that those people who had no other means of subsistence, but who were otherwise to satisfy the cravings of hunger. The poor-houses were but a miserable refuge; the object of those who had the management of them was to keep them as long as possible to those who became inmates. It was only necessary to look at the diet tables of these houses, and compare them with the diet of the pauper in London, to see that the pauper was not only a burden to the community, but a source of danger to the State. Here, however, small pecuniary inducement held out, the condition of such people would be incalculably improved; here, that those people who had no other means of subsistence, but who were otherwise to satisfy the cravings of hunger. The poor-houses were but a miserable refuge; the object of those who had the management of them was to keep them as long as possible to those who became inmates. It was only necessary to look at the diet tables of these houses, and compare them with the diet of the pauper in London, to see that the pauper was not only a burden to the community, but a source of danger to the State. 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colony and other purchasers, in convenient...  
ability, from the above impoverishment, to...  
improved or extended to any amount that...  
those who are dependent upon them for sup...  
notwithstanding the glowing terms in which...  
view, that as a mere means of supplying it...  
SALE OF MANUFACTURED GOODS.—We are...  
BONE MANURE.  
MR. WILSON begs to inform the...  
SAAC SIMMONS, late City...  
GAINSBOROUGH, opposite the Union...  
MANY PERSONS will be glad to...  
LETTER AND CHQUES LOST.  
POSTED at Richmond, on the 9th...  
To JACOB NEWTON, OF WILLIAM'S...  
TAKE NOTICE, that after the expi...  
DECLARATIONS.—COMMITTEES.  
MULITUM IN PARVO.  
DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.  
STOLEN OR STRAYED.  
FAMILY RESIDENCE IN GEORGE...  
TO LET, the house at present occupied...  
THOS. S. MORT, Auctioneer and Broker.



## TWO FAMILY RESIDENCES.

TO LET, Nos. 3 and 6, Lyons' terrace, Hyde Park. For terms apply to S. LYONS.

George-street and Charlotte-place. Immediate occupation can be given of No. 6, No. 3 will be vacant on the 30th September instant.

TO BE LET, the Stores and Wharf, Sydney Cove, presently occupied by Mr. A. Wilson, who will show the premises between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. For particulars apply at the Office of Mr. Morehead, O'Connell-street.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, an excellent Office, and a very commodious Store. Apply at 555, George-street.

## TO BE LET.

THE large and commodious house and premises, in Macquarie-place, at present occupied by the Australian Subscription Library, will be vacant on the 1st proximo; these premises will therefore be let on reasonable terms, but a preference will be given to parties wishing to occupy the house as offices.

Proposals will be received by Mrs. Reibey, at her residence, Penzance, Newtown; or, by Captain Innes, Cottage, Carter's Barracks, Sydney, October 3.

## BALMAIN.

A COMPACT and comfortable Cottage TO LET at Balmain. Enquire of S. ELLIOTT, Charlotte-place.

## TO BE LET.

A two-story villa-like residence, suitable for a respectable family, with a good garden, &c., pleasantly situated on the banks of the Parramatta River; the steamers land passengers several times daily, and are less than five minutes between the house and Sydney. Rent moderate. For further particulars, apply to Mr. Birnsting, Jeweller, George-street, Sydney.

## TO LET, AT LIVERPOOL.

THE property called DRUMMOND COTTAGE, late the residence of Judge Kinchela. The house contains dining-room, drawing-room, and six bed-rooms, and attached are kitchen, washhouse, stable, coach-house, &c., &c. There is a good garden, also an orchard; and the Farm consists of about eighty acres, mostly cultivated land. To a desirable tenant the rent will be moderate, and the premises will be put into thorough repair. Apply to JOHN TAYLOR, 8, Charlotte-place, Sydney.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### NEW DRAPERY GOODS.

Just landed from late arrivals.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street, on

THURSDAY, 9TH OCTOBER,

At half-past 10 o'clock precisely,

One case Irish linens

Two cases assorted blue cloth and fancy caps

One case drab and miller's drab moleskin trousers

One case drab moleskin, assorted shades and qualities

One case boys' drab moleskin trousers

One case drab moleskin, assorted shades and qualities

One case handkerchiefs and fancy checked muslins

One case 4-brown hosiery

One case 30, 36, and 72 inch, grey domestic and sheetings

One case 10-4 blue sheeting

One case 10-4 white sheeting

One case 10-4 white sheeting

One case 10-4 white sheeting

One case 10-4 white sheeting

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## MR. ISAAC WALKER'S STOCK.

IMPORTANT and UNRESERVED SALE OF DRAPERY.

ON FRIDAY NEXT, 10TH INSTANT.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions from Mr. Isaac Walker to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on

FRIDAY, 10TH INSTANT,

at eleven o'clock precisely,

The whole of his valuable Stock of Drapery, &c., &c.

Consisting of—

Rich silks, satins, and satinettes

Coloured and black silk velvets

Satin and velvet waistcoats

Rich black and coloured all handkerchiefs

Fancy scarfs and shawls

Balsorine, de laine, and crape de Pekin dresses

An immense assortment of plain satin and lustrous ribbons

A beautiful lot of bonnet ribbons

A great variety of haberdashery, hosiery, and gloves

A choice lot of lace goods, lately received from Fisher and Co., of London, consisting of real thread, Valenciennes, Lisle, blond, and plait lace, capes, cardinals, pelerines, collars, &c., &c., quite new

The usual assortment of Calicoes, Prints, Muslins, Flannels, Linens, Lawns, Merinos, Parasols, Crapes, &c., &c., &c.

Mr. Newton calls the attention of the trade and buyers generally to the Stock of rich silks, satins, and satinettes, which are of the very best description and of the most choice colours, and the whole must be sold under the least reserve, in consequence of Mr. Walker's lease of the premises expiring on Saturday next.

TERMS.—

£30, cash; above that sum an approved endorsed bill at three months.

Playing Cards, and Drab Shell Hats.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on

FRIDAY NEXT, 10TH INSTANT,

at eleven o'clock precisely,

One case containing fifty-seven dozen white and black playing cards

Two cases containing drab shell hats, low crowns and broad brims

Terms at sale.

£303

Rich Black Ducapee, Black and Coloured Satinets, Satins, Ribbons, Gloves, Flowers, and Lace Goods.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions from the importer to submit to public competition, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on

FRIDAY NEXT, 10TH INSTANT,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

The undermentioned choice goods:—

One case of the most splendid satinettes, in black, coloured, and white, ever

One case of French bonnet ribbons, consisting of rich figured satins, lustrings, and gauzes

One case 124, to 164, rich cut gauzes

One case plain, black, and coloured lustrings and satin ribbons

One case handsome parasols

One case ladies' night caps, trimmed

One case rich black, satin, mode, and arm-toilette covers

One case containing black crape babies' hats and bonnets, long and short robes, toilette covers

One case assorted lace goods

One case 10-4 white sheeting

One case 10-4 white sheeting

One case 10-4 white sheeting

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## AT MESSRS. THOMAS SMITH AND CO.'S STORES.

Extensive Unreserved Sale of newly imported Goods, consisting of every description of Soft Goods and Slops now in demand.

MR. MORT

HAS received instructions from the importers, Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co., to offer by public auction, for unreserved sale, at their Stores, next door to the Post Office, George-street,

THIS DAY, 9TH OCTOBER,

At eleven o'clock.

The following varied assortment of manufactures, viz.—

Bales and Cases, containing—

Surround and dress coats

Cashmere, Persian summer cloth ditto

Blue cloth jackets and trousers

Boys' and men's blouses

Gambroon and other light coats

Children's dresses, in great variety

Scottish twill and striped shirts

White shirts

Drill and gambroon trousers

Swiss printed muslins

7-8 and 9-8 new style fancy prints

7-8 and 9-8 navy blues

Braces and stays

Women's hosiery

Jacquets, check, hair-cords, and cambrics

Light valencia and cambric vests

Ladies' night caps and chemises, &c., &c.

Terms liberal, at sale.

5231

## SHEEPSKINS.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

TO-MORROW, 9TH OCTOBER,

At half-past Ten o'clock.

1800 SHEEPSKINS.

Terms at sale.

5234

## RIBBONS.

New Styles, and Choice Colours.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction at his Rooms, George-street,

TO-MORROW, 9TH OCTOBER,

At eleven o'clock.

ONE case satin and lustrous Ribbons, plain and figured, new styles, and choice colours.

Terms at sale.

5235

## WHITE MOLESKIN TROUSERS.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

TO-MORROW, 9TH OCTOBER,

At 11 o'clock.

2 TRUNKS, 70 pairs each, white moleskin trousers.

Terms at sale.

5236

## BURWOOD.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

TO-MORROW, 9TH OCTOBER.

At Twelve o'clock.

TWO allotments of Land at Burwood, about 1½ acres, adjoining the Boiling Establishment of B. Boyd, Esq., and near the Nandillon Pond, &c., &c., &c.

Terms at sale.

5190

## 7150 FIRST CLASS SHEEP.

UNRIVALLED STATION FOR 15,000 HEAD.